



Hair Analysis, An Innovative Biomonitoring Tool to Assess Tri-Cresyl-Phosphate (TCP) Exposure

V. PEYNET, Ph.D., Directeur Institut de Recherche et d'Expertise Scientifique

AirCabin Conference – September 2017 - London





Organophosphate Aircabin Contamination

- EASA study (2017) demonstrated aircabin contamination with various organophosphate compounds
 - Tri-Butyl-Phosphate (TBP) [Occ. 99-100% / up to 2.5 μg/m³]
 - Tri-ChloroisoPropyl-Phosphate (TCPP) [Occ. 100% / up to 10 μg/m³]
 - Tri-Phenyl-Phosphate (TPP) [Occ. 99% / up to 0.1 μg/m³]
 - Tri-Cresyl-Phosphate (TCP) [Occ. 50-60% / up to 0.7 μg/m³]
- Flame retardant from lubricants used in aircraft engines
- Oil bleed from engine to cabin indoor air
- Toxicological information:
 - Known neurotoxic compounds (cholinesterase inhibitor)
 - Some suspected to be endocrine disruptors (TBP & TPP) with low dose effects
 - Acute toxicity well documented vs. Chronic toxicity not sufficiently documented





Exposure Assessment

- Measurement of organophosphate in
 - environmental matrices (air / dust)
 - biological matrices (blood / urine) = BIOMONITORING
- Blood / Urine
 - Sampling by health professional [Blood]
 - Treatment, shipment and storage
 - Biohazard risks (VIH, Hepatitis ...)
 - Search for Parent compounds [Blood] vs Metabolite(s) [Urine]
 - Usually for acute exposure because of short detection windows: few hours [Blood] to few days [Urine]





BLOOD OR URINE NOT SUITABLE FOR EASY BIOMONITORING





Hair Analysis

- Hair
 - Toxics in blood incorporate in hair structure during hair synthesis in scalp
 - Average growth speed: 1 cm / month
 - Easy to Sample / Ship / Store
 - Up to 6 months
 - Enable month by month history of exposure (cm by cm)



- R&D of analytical method financially supported by AVSA
- Hair strand cut to monitor specific period
 - \rightarrow 0,5 to 3,5 months = 0 to 3 cm segment
- Hairs washed to eliminate eventual external contamination
- Hairs grinded to get fine powder
- Accurate mass of hair powder extracted with organic solvents and analyzed using GC/MSMS technologies







Monitored Chemicals and First Campaign

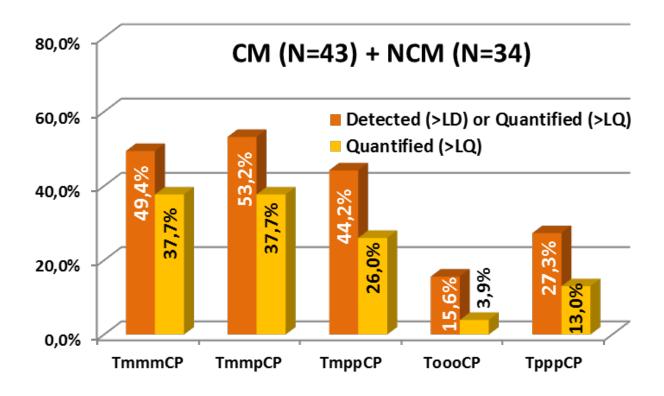
- 5 isomers of TCP out of 10 existing isomers
 - ToooCP + TmmmCP + TmmpCP + TmppCP + TpppCP
- Population studied: 81 subjects
 - 46 Crew Members (CM)
 - 35 Non Crew Members (NCM)

- Main Results
 - 4 samples with high concentration = more exposed
 - 3 CM (6.5% of CM subjects)
 - 1 NCM (2.9% of NCM subjects)
 - For the 77 other samples
 - Close exposure levels for CM and NCM
 - Close occurrence levels for CM and NCM
 - Occurrence dependent of TCP isomer
 - TmmpCP = TmmmCP = TmppCP > TpppCP > ToooCP





First Campaign Occurrence

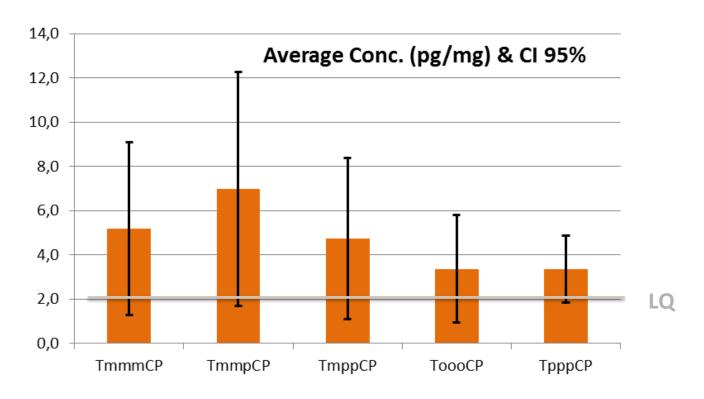


- CM and NCM are exposed to TCP
 - Environmental exposure hypothesis
 - Origin of environmental contamination ?





Mean Concentrations and 95% Confidence Interval



Threshold value for over-exposure

Compound	TmmmCP	TmmpCP	TmppCP	ТоооСР	ТрррСР
Threshold [pg/mg]	9,1	12,3	8,4	5,8	4,9





Evidences for Occupational Exposure

- Samples with high concentration = significant TCP exposure
- People with same environment should be tested for TCP
 - Wife / Husband
 - Children
- 2 samples from study have high TCP concentration
 - Wife / Husband were tested over the same time period
 - No TCP were detected in Wife/Husband sample
 - Strongly suggest occupational exposure
- More over-exposed case needs to be studied for identification of occupational and environmental exposure source(s)
 - Is there a correlation between over-exposure with pathologies and symptoms of aerotoxic syndrom?





Conclusion

- Development of an innovative tool to monitor TCP exposure over 1 to 6 months
 - > Hair test available on www.syndrome-aerotoxique.com
- First biomonitoring campaign performed on 81 subjects
- Half of the subjects tested for TCP are positive and have been exposed to these chemicals
 - Evidence for environmental exposure
- Threshold values were determined and could be used to indicate excessive exposure
 - Less than 10% of crew members are over-exposed to TCP
 - When over-exposed: wife/husband should be tested for TCP
 - Large difference between exposure levels strongly support occupational exposure hypothesis





Perspectives

- Raise founds to setup an international and large scale campaign to study organophosphate exposure among population and Crew Members
- Study links between exposure data and symptoms / pathologies in a clinical study
- Investigate the origin of the environmental exposure
 - Daily environment pollution / Proximity to airport / Intensive aircraft traffic ?
 - TCP measurement in air and dust (outdoor and indoor)
- Improve analytical methods to investigate other organophosphate compounds (TBP, TPP, TCPP) found in indoor aircabin
 - Unlike TCP, these flame retardants are found in many daily used products and in many indoor environment
- Development of easy blood test to investigate acute exposure





Contact Information



www.ires-lab.com contact@ires-lab.com

www.kudzuscience.com info@kudzuscience.com

+33 369 61 46 00



www.syndrome-aerotoxique.com contact@syndrome-aerotoxique.com